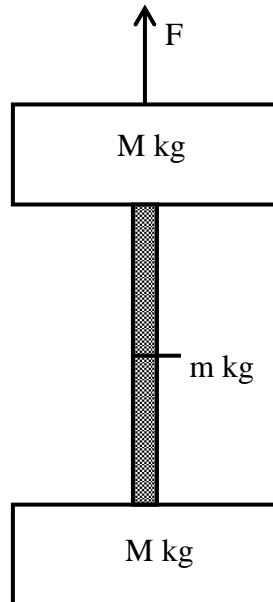


The two blocks, each of mass  $M$  kg, are connected by a heavy uniform rope of mass  $m$  kg. An upward force of  $F$  N is applied as shown in figure due to which the system accelerates upwards. The tension (in Newton) at the midpoint of the rope is given by:

- (A)  $F$       (B)  $0$       (C)  $\frac{F}{2}$       (D)  $\frac{m+M}{m+2M}F$



**Solution**

Let  $a$  be the acceleration of the system.

Let  $T$  be the tension at the midpoint of the rope. Consider, the system as the lower half of the rope and the lower block  $M$ . This tension  $T$  is responsible to accelerate this system upwards.

$$T - \left(M + \frac{m}{2}\right)g = \left(M + \frac{m}{2}\right)a$$

$$\therefore T = \left(M + \frac{m}{2}\right)(a + g) \dots\dots\dots(*)$$

Now, consider the system as all the three masses  $M + m + M$ .

$$F - (M + m + M)g = (M + m + M)a$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{F}{2M + m} - g$$

$$\text{From } (*), T = \left(M + \frac{m}{2}\right)\left(\frac{F}{2M + m} - g + g\right) = \frac{F}{2}$$

Hence, (C)